<u>Lesson</u> <u>Plan(2023-</u> <u>2024)</u>

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Discipline: Civil/ Mechanical	Semester: 1 st	Name of the teaching faculty: Jyotiranjan Behera		
Wiconamoai				
Subject: Engg. Chemistry	No. of days/per week	From-16.08.2023 to 11.12.2023		
_	Class Allotted: 4	No. of weeks:15		
Week	Class day	Theory Topics		
1st	1st	Atomic structure: Fundamental particles (electron, proton & neutron Definition, mass and charge). Rutherford's Atomic model (postulates and failure),		
131	131			
	2nd	Atomic mass and mass number, Definition, examples and properties of Isotopes, isobars and isotones.		
	3rd	Bohr's Atomic model (Postulates only),		
	4th			
		Bohr-Bury scheme,Aufbau's principle,		
		Hund's rule, Electronic		
		configuration (up to atomic no 30).		
2nd	1st			
	2nd	Chemical Bonding: Definition, types (Electrovalent, Covalent bonds (formation of NaCl, MgCl ₂ , H ₂ ,Cl ₂ , O ₂ , N ₂).		
	3rd	Covalent & Coordinate bond with examples (formation of H ₂ O, CH ₄ , NH ₃ , NH ₄₊ , SO ₂).		
	4th	Acid base theory: Concept of Arrhenius & Lowry Bronsted for acid and base with examples,		
		Lowry Bronsted & Lewis theory for acid		
3rd	1st	and base with examples		

	2nd	Neutralization of acid & base. Definition of Salt, Types of salts (Normal, acidic, basic, double, complex and mixed salts, definitions with 2 examples from each).			
	3rd				
	4th	Solutions : Definitions of atomic weight, molecular weight, Equivalent weight.			
4th	1st	Determination of equivalent weight of Acid, Base and Salt			
	2nd	Modes of expression of the concentrations (Molarity, Normality & Molality) with Simple Problems.			
	3rd	pH of solution (definition with simple numericals) Importance of pH in industry (sugar, textile, paper industries only)			
	4th	Electrochemistry: Definition and types (Strong & weak) of Electrolytes with example. Electrolysis (Principle & process)			
E+b	1ot	Electrolysis with example of NaCl (fused and aqueous solution). Industrial application of Electrolysis- Electroplating (Zinc			
5th	1st 2nd	only) Faraday's 1st and 2nd law of Electrolysis (Statement & mathematical expression)			
	3rd	Simple numericals on Faraday's 1st and 2nd law of Electrolysis.			
	4th	Industrial application of Electrolysis- Electroplating (Zinc)			
6th	1st	Corrosion: Definition of Corrosion, Types of Corrosion- Atmospheric Corrosion, Waterline corrosion.			
	2nd	Mechanism of rusting of Iron only. Protection from Corrosion by (i) Alloying and (ii) Galvanization.			
	3rd	Metallurgy: Definition of Mineral, ores, gangue with example. Distinction between Ores And Minerals. General methods of extraction of metals,			
	4th	General methods of extraction of metals, i) Ore Dressing ii) Concentration (Gravity separation, magnetic separation)			
7 th	1st	Froth floatation & leaching			

	2nd	iii) Oxidation (Calcinations, Roasting)		
	3rd	iv) Reduction (Smelting, Definition & examples of flux, slag)		
	4th	v) Refining of the metal (Electro refining, & Distillation only)		
8th	1st	Alloys: Definition of alloy. Types of alloys (Ferro, Non Ferro & Amalgam) with example.		
	2nd	Composition and uses of Brass, Bronze, Alnico, Duralumin		
	3rd	Hydrocarbons: Saturated and Unsaturated Hydrocarbons (Definition with example)		
	4th	Aliphatic and Aromatic Hydrocarbons (Huckle's rule). Difference between Aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons		
9th	1st	IUPAC system of nomenclature of Alkanes		
	2nd	IUPAC system of nomenclature of Alkanes		
	3rd	IUPAC system of nomenclature of Alkenes		
	4th	IUPAC system of nomenclature of Alkynes		
10th	1st	IUPAC system of nomenclature of alkyl halides		
	2nd	IUPAC system of nomenclature of alcohols		
	3rd	Bond line notation.		
	4th	Uses of some common aromatic compounds (Benzene, Toluene, BHC, Phenol, Naphthalene, Anthracene and Benzoic acid) in daily life.		
11th	1st	Water Treatment : Sources of water, Soft water, Hard water, hardness,		
	2nd	types of Hardness (temporary or carbonate and permanent or non-carbonate)		
	3rd	Removal of hardness by cold lime soda method (Principle, process & advantages)		
	4th	Removal of hardness by hot lime soda method (principle, process & advantages)		
12th	1st	Advantages of Hot lime over cold lime process & Organic Ion exchange method (principle) Organic Ion exchange method (process and regeneration of exhausted resins)		
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	3rd	Lubricants : Definition of lubricant, Types (solid, liquid and semisolid).		
	4th	specific uses of lubricants (Graphite, Oils, Grease), Purpose of lubrication		

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13th	1st	Fuel : Definition and classification of fuel, Definition of calori value of fuel, Choice of good fuel		
	2nd	Liquid: Diesel, Petrol, and Kerosene Composition and uses.		
	3rd	Gaseous: Producer gas and Water gas (Composition and uses).		
	4th	Elementary idea about LPG,CNG and coal gas		
14th	1st	Polymer : Definition of Monomer, Polymer, Homo-polymer, Co-polymer and Degree of polymerization.		
	2nd	Difference between Thermosetting and Thermoplastic,		
	3rd	Composition and uses of Polythene & Poly-Vinyl Chloride		
	4th	Composition and uses of Bakelite.		
15th	1st	Definition of Elastomer (Rubber). Natural Rubber (it's drawbacks).		
	2nd	Vulcanisation of Rubber.Advantages of Vulcanised rubber over raw rubber.		
	3rd	Chemicals in Agriculture: Pesticides: Insecticides, herbicides, fungicides-Examples and uses.		
	4th	Bio Fertilizers: Definition, examples and uses.		