Discipline:	Semester: 2ND	Name of the teaching faculty:		
CIVIL and MECHANICAL		Sushrimayee Behera		
Subject: Physics	No. of days/per week	Semester from: 20/03/23 to 27/06/23		
	Class Allotted: 4	No. of weeks:15		
Week	Class day	Theory Topics		
		UNITS AND DIMENSIONS 1.1 Physical quantities - (Definition).		
		1.2 Definition of fundamental and derived units, systems of units (FPS, CGS, MKS and SI units).		
1st	1st			
	2nd	Definition of dimension and Dimensional formulae of physical quantities.		
		Dimensional equations and Principle of homogeneity.		
		Checking the dimensional correctness of Physical relations.		
	3rd			
	4th			
		SCALARS AND VECTORS		
		Scalar and Vector quantities (definition and concept), Representation of a Vector – examples, types of vectors.		
2nd	1st	Triangle and Parallelogram law of vector Addition (Statement only). Simple Numerical.		
		Resolution of Vectors – Simple Numericals on Horizontal		
	2nd	and Vertical components.		
	3rd	2.4 Vector multiplication (scalar product and vector product of vectors).		

		KINEMATICS
		Concept of Rest and Motion.
	4th	
3rd	1st	3.2 Displacement, Speed, Velocity, Acceleration & FORCE (Definition, formula, dimension & SI units).

	2nd	Equations of Motion under Gravity (upward and downward motion) - no derivation.	
	3rd	Circular motion: Angular displacement, Angular velocity and Angular acceleration.	
	4th	Relation between –(i) Linear & Angular velocity, (ii) Linea Angular acceleration)	
4th	1st	Define Projectile, Examples of Projectile. Expression for Equation of Trajectory, Time of Flight, Maximum Height a Horizontal Range for a projectile fired at an angle, Conditi for maximum Horizontal Range.	
	2nd	WORK AND FRICTION Work – Definition, Formula & SI units.	
	3rd	4.2 Friction – Definition & Concept.	
	4th	4.3 Types of friction (static, dynamic), Limiting Friction (Definition with Concept).	
5th	1st	4.4 Laws of Limiting Friction (Only statement, No Experimental Verification	
	2nd	Coefficient of Friction – Definition & Formula, Simple Numericals. Methods to reduce friction.	
	3rd	UNIT 5 - GRAVITATION	
		Newton's Laws of Gravitation – Statement and Explanation.	
	4th		
		Universal Gravitational Constant (G)- Definition, Unit and Dimension.	

6th	1st	
		Acceleration due to gravity (g)- Definition and Concept
	2nd	Definition of mass and weight. Relation between g and G.Variation of g with altitude and depth (No derivation – Only Explanation)
		UNIT 6 - OSCILLATIONS AND WAVES
	3rd	SINT & GEGILL/THONG /IND W/TVLG
	4th	6.1 Simple Harmonic Motion (SHM) - Definition & Examples.
7 th	1st	. 6.2 Expression (Formula/Equation) for displacement, velocity, acceleration of a body/ particle in SHM.

	2nd	6.3. Wave motion – Definition & Concept 6.4 Transverse and Longitudinal wave motion – Definition, Examples & Comparison.	
	3rd	6.5 Definition of different wave parameters (Amplitude, Wavelength, Frequency, Time Period.	
	4th	6.6 Derivation of Relation between Velocity, Frequency and Wavelength of a wave. Ultrasonic – Definition, Properties & Applications.	
8th	1st	- HEAT AND THERMODYNAMICS 7.1 Heat and Temperature – Definition & Difference	
	2nd	7.2 Units of Heat (FPS, CGS, MKS & SI). 7.3 Specific Heat (concept, definition, unit, dimension and simple numerical)	
	3rd	7.4 Change of state (concept), Latent Heat (concept, definition, unit, dimension and simple numerical)	
	4th	7.5 Thermal Expansion – Definition & Concept 7.6 Expansion of Solids (Concept)	
9th	1st	7.7 Coefficient of linear, superficial and cubical expansions of Solids – Definition & Units.	
	2nd	7.8 Relation between α, β & Υ 7.9 Work and Heat - Cor & Relation.	
	3rd	7.10 Joule's Mechanical Equivalent of Heat (Definition, Unit) 7.11 First Law of Thermodynamics (Statement and concept only).	
	4th	OPTICS 8.1 Reflection & Refraction – Definition. 8.2 Laws of reflection and refraction (Statement only)).	
10th	1st	8.3 Refractive index – Definition, Formula &Simple numerical. 8.4 Critical Angle and Total internal reflection – Concept, Definition & Explanation	
	2nd	8.5 Refraction through Prism (Ray Diagram & Formula only – NO derivation	

	3rd	8.6 Fiber Optics – Definition, Properties & Applications.
	4th	9. ELECTROSTATICS & MAGNETOSTATICS
	1st	
11th		9.1 Electrostatics – Definition & Concept. 9.2 Statement & Explanation of Coulombs laws, Definition of Unit charge.
	2nd	9.3 Absolute & Relative Permittivity (ε) – Definition, Relation & Unit. 9.4 Electric potential and Electric Potential difference (Definition, Formula & SI Units).
	3rd	9.5 Electric field, Electric field intensity (E) – Definition, Formula & Unit. 9.6 Capacitance - Definition, Formula & Unit.
	4th	9.7 Series and Parallel combination of Capacitors (No derivation, Formula for effective/Combined/total capacitance & Simple numericals).
12th	1st	9.8 Magnet, Properties of a magnet 9.9 Coulomb's Laws in Magnetism – Statement & Explanation, Unit Pole (Definition).
	2 nd	9.10 Magnetic field, Magnetic Field intensity (H) - (Definition, Formula & SI Unit). 9.11 Magnetic lines of force (Definition and Properties) 9.12 Magnetic Flux (Φ) & Magnetic Flux Density (B) – Definition, Formula & Unit.
	3rd	CURRENT ELECTRICITY 10.1 Electric Current – Definition, Formula & SI Units.
	4th	10.2 Ohm's law and its applications.
13th	1st	10.3 Series and Parallel combination of resistors (No derivation, Formula for effective/ Combined/ total resistance & Simple numericals).
	2nd	10.4 Kirchhoff's laws (Statement & Explanation with diagram).
	3rd	10.5 Application of Kirchhoff's laws to Wheatstone bridge - Balanced condition of Wheatstone's Bridge – Condition of Balance (Equation).

	4th	ELECTROMAGNETISM & ELECTROMAGNETIC INDUCTION 11.1Electromagnetism – Definition & Concept.	
	1st		
14th		11.2 Force acting on a current carrying conductor placed in a uniform magnetic field, Fleming's Left Hand Rule	
	2nd	11.3 Faraday's Laws of Electromagnetic Induction (Statement only)	
	3rd		
		11.4 Lenz's Law (Statement)	
	4th	11.5 Fleming's Right Hand Rule	
15th	1st	11.6 Comparison between Fleming's Right Hand Rule an Fleming's Left Hand Rule.	
	2nd	UNIT 12 - MODERN PHYSICS 12.1 LASER & laser beam (Concept and Definition) 12.2 Principle of LASER (Population Inversion & Optical Pumping)	
	3rd	12.3 Properties & Applications of LASER	
	4th	12.4 Wireless Transmission – Ground Waves, Sky Waves, Space Waves (Concept & Definition)	